CORPOREALITY OF CORPORATE REALITY



the data you speak of isn't endless it's stories and labour

of tired **B@@**#**E**\$ that didn't get enough sleep

A testimony by 'a digital worker in a large German city':

"I became depressed. I had to go to therapy. I was prescribed medication. When I started there, my main job was to sieve through posts with sexually explicit content and socalled high priority cases, which usually had to do with suicide or self-harm. There were a lot of pictures of cutting. I had to analyse which were self-harm and which suicidal. The second month, I asked my team leader to put me in a different content workflow because I was feeling bad."

(Steyerl 2023)

the content we see is data touched by MANDS							
forced to tag,							
describe,							
organise,							
to be ready for you to consume, then deplete							

the	content	we	see	has	been	sorted	by	eyes	5	
that	: watch,									
ana	yse,									
dele	ete,									
		C								1 L.

these eyes forced to continue seeing even when they sleep

ecological disaster that presaged the greater destruction of tropical rain forests occurring today."

destroyed. This industry brought about a Victorian

(Tully 2009)

"As consumers, we have a right to know what ingredients and processes are in the AI that compiles our news and media content, in the same way that we should know what's in the food we feed our families. As citizens, we have a need to know where our information comes from. And, as human beings, we should always know when humans are at work, producing what we consume, whether physical or digital."

(Gray/Suri 2017)

Martyna Marciniak & Nataša Vukajlović

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"But can we also see the same sort of pattern in how our day-to-day is being treated, in terms of us providing our data: the day-to-day as the new frontier, the new space that's being colonized, whether it's going to the supermarket or whatever activity we do on a daily basis that seems insignificant, but somehow becomes part of this big data set?"

(Ana-Maria Carabelea in The Digital Deal Podcast)

The Data Nutrition Project aims to create a standard label for interrogating datasets.



ReCAPTCHA has been initially introduced with a double purpose - to separate people from bots, and to digitise NYT archives, and later after their acquisition of the technology by Google, to digitise books for Google Books. Nowadays the main purpose is to prevent bots from automatically visiting websites, filing out forms and spamming.

Many reCAPTCHA's don't test the precision/accuracy of the image-recognition, but instead they track the movement of he cursor (Even the most direct motion by a human has some amount of randomness on the microscopic level: tiny unconscious movements that bots can't easily mimic. If the cursor's movement contains some of this unpredictability, then the test decides that the user is probably legitimate. The reCAPTCHA also may assess the cookies stored by the browser on a user device and the device's history in order to tell if the user is likely to be a bot.)

There are people who do annotation labour for self-driving cars in refugee camps in the Middle East who have an extreme limited mobility. They are being shown images from European cities and make the mobility of other people and selfdriving cars possible while they are prevented by visa regulations from even leaving their country.

(Hito Steyerl in The Digital Deal

the resources you speak of are **B@DIES** but it's easier to think they're immaterial, online

they're **BANDS** that belong to people just like me doing the work that you continue to hide

they're **BANDS** that belong to people in real places but it's easier to think they're immaterial, online

the hands of AI are my **BANDS** they gesture repetitively, as would a machine

my **BODY** turns into data for you {this contract not built on equal terms }

my identity reduced to a photo of my face a datafied self made of vector fields, values, and weights

'AI is the future of work', you say implying a future so sweet but the work of most won't be different it will be ignored and labelled 'low-skilled'

the eyes of AI are my eyes it's involuntary, when you're forced to see

the eyes of AI are also mine they're eyes that belong to humans - now treated just like machines

having to prove our humanity to you in a bizarre and unfair twist

having to prove our humanity to you while you access our secrets for free

the real eyes of AI are not my eyes the eyes of AI - they don't see

what AI considers seeing are just patterns I argue - there is much more in the world to perceive

you claim to do things yourself you assume my abilities are low-skilled you send beams of LiDAR and receive them but the calculations of distances don't see

many of your devices entertain us they divert our attention away



In one of the chapters of 'Eye of the Master' Pasquinelli refers to importance of reassessing the logical form and limits that twenty-first century AI has inherited from the (mis)interpretation of the mechanisms of perception and sense-making:

"In a peculiar twist of fate, it is the mechanisation of perception as pattern recognition thathas come to be traded as the mechanisation of cognition, or artificial intelligence.(...) Nevertheless, despite its origins in the automation of vision, the use of anthropomorphic metaphors of perception to describe the operations of artificial neural networks, as well as today's deep learning. operations of artificial neural networks, as well as today's deep learning is misleading. As is often repeated, machine vision see' nothing: what an algorithm sees' - that is, calculates - are topological relations among numerical values of a two-dimensional matrix."

In German workplaces, many people with a refugee status work as content managers. Migrant legislation are

with a refuge status work as content managers. Migrant legislation are being used by the Euopean Union to justify cheap labourers that are being exploited by data companies.

(Hito Steyerl in The Digital Deal Podcast)

There is a disequilibrium: users make their selfproduced data available to digital platforms they —use, but the purpose often remains opaque. There is no real choice other than to accept the lenghty and incomprehensible terms of use.

> drive a car, or beat a human at Jeopardy! or chess. But once AI did each of those things, we considered that achievement obviously mechanical and hardly worth the label of true intelligence. Every success in AI redefines it." Moravec wrote in 1988, "it is comparatively easy to make computers exhibit adult level performance on intelligence tests or playing checkers, and difficult or impossible to give them

"In the past, we would have said only a superintelligent AI could

Kevin Kelly wrote in a Wired article in October 2014:

the skills of a one-year-old when it comes to perception and mobility".

AFFILIA

"According to six Israeli intelligence officers, who have all served in the army during the current war on the Gaza Strip and had first-hand



from those eyes that perceive bodies as targets, systems, and threats

Transformer model architecture, on which most natural language processing as well as image generation is built, is based on the idea of 'attention'. While successful and a breakthrough in AI technology several years ago, attention mechanisms may exhibit biases towards certain patterns or features in the input data, leading to overfitting or poor generalization performance, especially when trained on biased or unrepresentative datasets. These biases can affect the model's ability to generalize to unseen data and may result in unreliable predictions or recommendations.

from this seeing that is shaped by blindness I seek to make sense of what's not just here from this seeing that carves out paths uneven not attending to increasingly growing fields

 \sum



the army during the current war on the Gaza Strip and had first-hand involvement with the use of AI to generate targets for assassination, Lavender has played a central role in the unprecedented bombing of Palestinians, especially during the early stages of the war. In fact, according to the sources, its influence on the military's operations was such that they essentially treated the outputs of the AI machine "as if it were a human decision."

(Abrahaml 2024)

Martyna Marciniak & Nataša Vukajlović

CORPOREALITY OF CORPORATE R you claim to do things yourself you seem to do magic, you sell us tricks but the MANDS of AI are my hands they gesture repetitively, as would a machine

	stion and tor the re-							
Automation still needs people to calibrate and train what is automated. The invisible labour of	you think using my LABOUR is a fair trade for the illusion you offer for free	The phrase: 'if you're not paying then you're the product' can now be changed into: 'if you're not getting paid then youre the producer'.						
humans-in-the-loop makes AI function. (Irani 2016)	the eyes of AI are my eyes	(Hito Steyerl in The Digital Deal Podcast)						
	it's involuntary, when you're forced to see the eyes of AI are also mine they're eyes that belong to humans - now treated just like machines							
my eyes perceive strangeness and weirdness and horror and glee								
	my eyes perceive hesitation they capture recklessness and aggression - they see							
	the machinic vision you surveil with identifies my PROPORTHONS , my stride	Movements, monitored through surveillance cameras; pictures, uploaded to various social						
	my BODY reduced to patterns set up to feed your biased eyes	media platforms; or terms, searched for - all those are being captured and fed to AI databases to find patterns and make assessments. (Crawford 2021:119)						
"While we often think of terms such as "big data" and "algorithms" as being benign, neutral, or objective they are anything but." (Noble 2018). By training machines with factors deriving from our (still) unequal, racist, violent reality the algorithmic bias manifests in different forms: Google's discriminatory autosuggestions, decision-making processes concern-	there are people who fed those biases an unequal, racist, violent legacy is what they see a broken reality is what we have to offer: to learn, think, be	Looking for workers within the AI industry is sort of a canary in the coalmine for helping us understand what technology will develop from this process and how would that technology						
ing financial/insurance services or the health sector, amongst others."	you let your greed assume that my skills are low and therefore they should be free the eyes of AI are nothing like my eyes	(Karen Hao in The Digital Deal Podcast)						

'welcome to the age of AI super assistants', you say the assistants you offer collect my whispers, confessions and shrieks

the assistants you offer, can't hear me my accent too foreign and weird

mine perceive fear, and joy, they see

"On another note, popular AI assistants require users to speak specific versions of English, Hindi, German, or French that the AI can understand, erasing not only indigenous languages but also

it wasnt built for my voice the ears of AI cannot hear

"You can't talk to Siri or Bixby or Google Assistant in an indigenous language. Out of 7,000 languages, AI currently only serves languages that are similar to Mandarin, Hindi and English. Any languages that do not fall within those categories just don't work. And this has been proven scientifically."

dialects from modern technology. So what happens is that people are conforming their linguistic cultures/patterns to the limitations of AI."

(Running 2024)

> leaving me to adapt, once again to perform, repeat, scream, but the ears of AI do not want to hear, they collect my stories not realising how much they mean

the assistants you offer are female for you female work is low-skilled

the assistants you give me are broken which AI future is it, they want me to believe? (Running 2024)

"[There is] a historical and ongoing preoccupation with outsourcing 'women's work' (and racialized or undervalued labor) to an electronic, automated, and robotic workforce." (Strengers/Kennedy 2021) The UNESCO report "I'd blush if I could" (2019) points out that feminized voice assistant's einforce gender biases which remains unchanged since the technology's wide release in 2011.

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having to prove our humanity to you in a bizarre and unfair twist

having to prove our humanity to you while you access our secrets for free

the assistants you claim to have created are often human, just like me

unable to be certain of their humanity I look at them with alien eyes

having to prove our humanity to you in a bizarre and unfair twist

having no proof of their humanity I begin to speak to humans as if they are chat gpt

Bina48 on a deeper level.



zon's cashier-less technology was supposed to revolutionize grocery shopping. It's been a flop

In "Conversations with Bina48", artist Stephanie Dinkins discovered that the robot's (Bina48) understanding of its humanity, or lack thereof, is muddled, making for thought-

provoking dialogue. Dinkins tries to explore what it means

for humans to partner with technology by connecting with

refers to the 1967 Poem by Richard Brautigan "All Watched Over By Machines Of Loving Grace'

you use my **BODT** to describe concepts that hide behind AI mistaking my hands, ears, and eyes for something else my body becomes abstracted, an alien to myself

living next to machines of loving grace is a future I would like to see

not blinded by the vision of jeff, elon, and sam not rendered in cobalt blue and platinum white

I want to live next to machines that can fade away, shed, shrivel or disappear leaving the world without fear

I want to live next to machines that blossom in pink, iridescent and bright whatever they want to be

-with thanks to Arsita, Brooke, Ed, M. and Rojia

Nataša Vukajlović's interdisciplinary background is shaped by her work intersecting production, curation, and communication of artistic and scientific projects. Currently, Nataša is a fellow at Akademie Schloss Solitude where she creates programmes in the fields of arts, culture, and digitality. She is passionate about exploring how technology shapes our contemporary society. Currently, Nataša is part of the Track's curatorial team of re:publica. She was a curatorial assistant for the exhibition Broken Machines and Wild Imaginings at the JUNGE AKADEMIE of Akademie der Künste (2022-2023), and coordinated the AI Anarchies fellowship, working on ten artistic projects exploring social, cultural, and political realities driven by technological change. Previously, Nataša led the monthly discussion series Digitaler Salon on the impact of digitalization on society at the *Humboldt Institute for Internet and Society* (2019–2021). e-mail: natasa.vukajlo@gmail.com instagram: @taeshle

Martyna Marciniak is a Polish, Berlin-based artist and researcher. Her work uses spatial storytelling, speculative fictions and 3D reconstruction to question how design and technology reflect and influence ideologies and social biases. She is a fellow at the Akademie Schloss Solitude and is currently developing a video-installation as part of the upcoming 'What's New's residency at Ars Electronica, exploring how visual technologies paired with military optics, news flair, and disaster fiction shape our imaginations and perceptions, in turn making us prone to accepting visual disinformation as fact. She has worked with media outlets including CNN and BBC, as well as NGOs including Forensic Architecture, Amnesty International and Human Rights Watch. Her co-established research group Border Emergency Collective investigated and documented stories of migrating people at the Polish-Belarusian border. Her work was exhibited in the Warsaw Biennale, Kinema Icon in Bucharest, Haus Gropius in Dessau and deTour Festival in Hong Kong, among others. website: martyna.digital

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